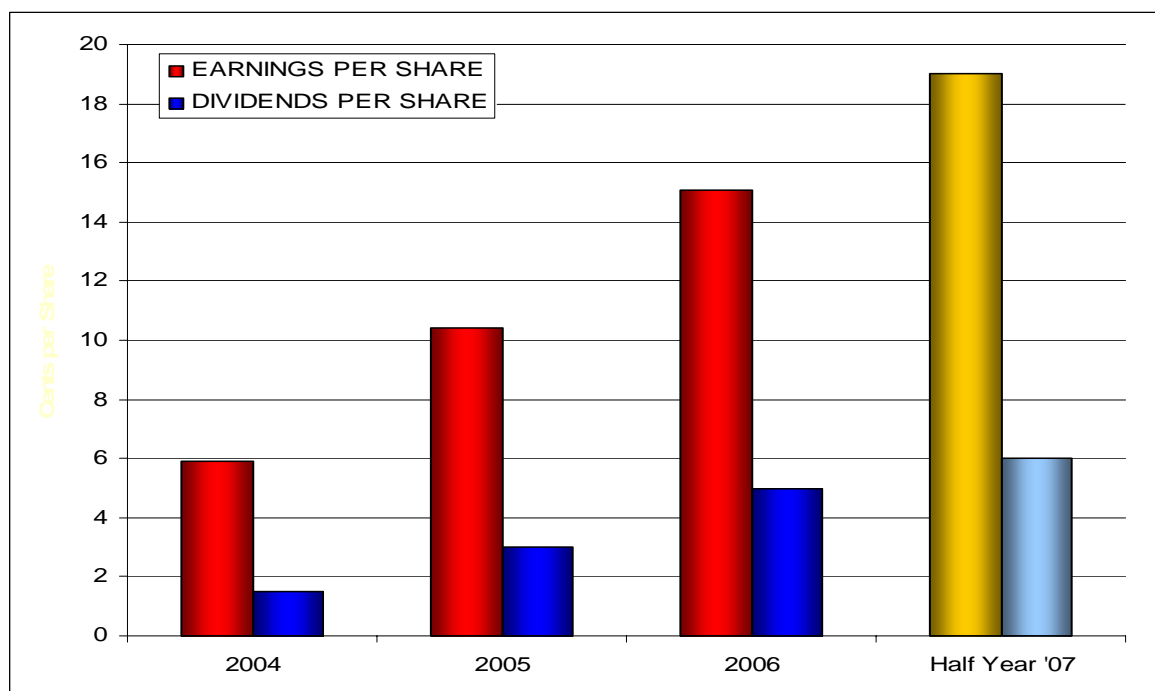


HIGHLIGHTS OF THE QUARTER

- First mineral resource estimate completed for Carnilya Hill – feasibility study advancing rapidly
- Significant resource extensions discovered at North Miitel
- North Dordie open pit nickel mine given go-ahead
- Drilling underway on copper targets at Tottenham in New South Wales
- \$20 million additional revenue recognised for December quarter based on final nickel settlement prices
- Initial scoping studies completed on McMahon and Durkin Projects, settlement of acquisition expected during June quarter
- Strong March Quarterly Operating Surplus of \$36.7 million despite reduced production – Mincor on track to meet production target for 2006/07 financial year
- Half Year Dividend of 6 cents per share paid to shareholders
- Current cash and receivables net of creditors and accruals stands at **\$107.4 million**; Mincor has no debt

MINCOR REPORTS CONTINUED STRONG GROWTH IN PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS



During the Quarter, Mincor reported its Half-Year Results for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

The results continue Mincor's outstanding record of growth, with a record half yearly profit figure of \$37.2 million, eclipsing the Company's previous full-year result. Other highlights included earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation up 150% to \$67.8 million, earnings per share up 272% to 19 cents, and interim fully franked dividends to shareholders up 200% to 6 cents per share.

These figures **do not** include the \$20 million upward adjustment in gross revenue for the December quarter based on the final nickel settlement price, as detailed below.



MINING OPERATIONS, KAMBALDA (Mincor 100%)

Table 1: Production, Grade, Revenue and Costs – January to March 2007

	MIITEL ⁽¹⁾	REDROSS	MARINERS	WANNAWAY	TOTAL
Ore Tonnes Mined (DMT)	47,764	34,660	40,701	5,074	128,198
Ore Tonnes Treated (DMT)	46,814	33,957	43,657	5,185	129,613
Average Nickel Grade (%)	2.23	3.41	2.12	2.59	
Nickel-in-Concentrate Sold	884.0	991.1	784.8	115.6	2,775.5
Copper-in-Concentrate Sold	88.8	63.6	76.2	11.0	239.6
Cobalt-in-Concentrate Sold	18.6	19.0	15.0	2.4	55.0
Sales Revenue* (A\$)	20.17m	23.96m	18.31m	3.57m	66.01m
Direct Operating Costs** (A\$)	8.63m	5.57m	8.17m	1.62m	23.99m
Indirect Costs*** (A\$)	1.82m	2.17m	1.13m	0.24m	5.36m
Operating Surplus**** (A\$)	9.72m	16.22m	9.01m	1.71m	36.66m
Capital Development/Exploration Costs (A\$)	1.94m	1.10m	1.43m	0.03m	4.50m
Costs Per Pound Payable Nickel					
Payable Nickel Produced (lbs)	1,266,765	1,420,265	1,124,570	165,662	3,977,262
Mining Costs (A\$/lb)	4.10	1.99	4.40	4.93	3.46
Milling Costs (A\$/lb)	1.27	0.82	1.34	1.08	1.12
Ore Haulage Costs (A\$/lb)	0.27	0.21	0.34	0.31	0.27
Other Mining/Administration (A\$/lb)	1.17	0.90	1.19	3.49	1.18
Royalty Cost (A\$/lb)	1.44	1.53	1.00	1.47	1.35
By-product Credits (A\$/lb)	(0.35)	(0.38)	(0.38)	(0.38)	(0.37)
Cash Costs (A\$/lb Ni) – Quarter	7.90	5.07	7.89	10.90	7.01

(1) "Miitel" includes North Miitel.

* Sales Revenue – estimate, awaits the fixing of the three-month nickel reference price.

** Direct Operating Costs – mining, milling, ore haulage, administration.

*** Indirect Costs – royalties and net finance costs.

**** Operating Surplus – project only – provisional and unaudited, excludes corporate overheads and other corporate costs, excludes regional exploration costs, excludes depreciation, amortisation and tax.

Operating Surplus – Note on Sales Revenue Adjustments

The nickel price received by Mincor for any month of production is the average LME spot price during the third month following the month of delivery. The Company's policy for accounting purposes is to estimate this figure based on a 10% discount to the average LME spot price during the month of delivery. Revenue for January, February and March in this report has been estimated in this way, and is subject to an adjustment (up or down) when the final nickel price is known.

During the March 2007 quarter, Mincor established the final nickel price for the production months of October, November and December 2006. As a result, Mincor recognised additional sales revenue of \$20.07 million attributable to those production months. This additional revenue **has not** been included in the sales revenue disclosed in Table 1 above.

MINING PROGRESS – KAMBALDA NICKEL OPERATIONS

Overview

Mincor produced 2,775 tonnes of nickel-in-concentrate, or 3,259 tonnes of nickel-in-ore, for the quarter. This brought production for the financial year to 31 March 2007 to 9,663 tonnes of nickel-in-concentrate.

Mincor remains on track to achieve its originally advised production target for the 2006/07 financial year of between 12,500 tonnes and 13,500 tonnes of nickel-in-concentrate (or between 14,500 tonnes and 15,500 tonnes of nickel contained in ore).

Cash costs per pound of nickel at Miitel were higher due to lower nickel grades mined for the quarter, an intensive

backfill schedule (i.e. non-production mining activities) and lower production tonnes for the quarter.

Cash costs per pound at Mariners and Wannaway were lower than the previous quarter while Redross was consistent with the previous quarter.

Direct costs per tonne of ore (including royalties) at Miitel were higher than the previous quarter due to a temporary reduction in production tonnages and increase in backfill and other non-production mining activities.

The direct cost per tonne of ore (including royalties) at Mariners decreased due to lower levels of waste development in the 08 ore surface. Further cost reductions are expected once the 08 long-hole stopes are brought on line.

An open competitive tender process was carried out during the quarter for the mining contracts at Miitel and Mariners for the period from 1 July 2007 onwards. Submittals included an internal "owner-mining tender" prepared by Mincor. Final negotiations were concluded in February, and the contract for the two mines was awarded to the incumbent contractor, Barmenco. Mincor looks forward to continuing its positive relationship with Barmenco.

Miitel Mine – Mining Progress

Production from Miitel was restricted during the quarter due to a shortage of skilled manpower and reduced loader availability, which led to a backlog of backfill activities. This restricted the number of available flat back stoping faces and delayed commencement of long-hole stoping. These issues have been resolved and production has returned to normal levels.

Flat back stoping and development continued throughout the North Miitel ore body. The bulk of production (34,600 tonnes) was won from mechanised flat back cut and fill stoping in North Miitel at the 395, 421, 470 and 497 levels. 4,000 tonnes of ore was also won from 107 metres of development in the 525 and 540 levels. Approximately 4,700 tonnes of ore was mined from the 356 long-hole stope in the N12 ore surface at the south end of Miitel.

598 metres of capital development, including the North Miitel decline and vent decline, was achieved providing access to the lower parts of the N25 ore surface at North Miitel. The decline is currently being advanced to the last level of published reserves on the 570 level.

Development and flat back stoping of the N11 ore surface identified lateral extensions to the north and south of the reserve boundaries. Additional ore has also been located in fault offsets to the north end of the N11. These extensions are generally low grade (approximately 1.8% nickel) but economic at current prices. This material contributed to the lower grades mined for the quarter.

A significant extension to the North Miitel ore body was identified by underground drilling beyond the northern extremity of the published ore reserve. Drilling will continue in the coming quarter.

Development of the decline and return air way for the new South Miitel ore body continued during the quarter.

Redross Mine – Mining Progress

Mincor continued to operate Redross on an owner-mining basis. Operations performed well, with record production being delivered in March. Mining costs per tonne increased marginally in the March quarter. This increase was expected and is the result of anticipated ramp up of maintenance requirements and associated costs.

Equipment availability and manning levels were satisfactory, with the only shortage being one jumbo operator.

In the six months since implementation of owner mining, Redross has outperformed the expectations of the feasibility

study into owner-mining. Ore tonnes mined have been marginally higher, and both capital and operating costs have been lower, than estimated in the owner-mining feasibility study.

63 metres of level development was completed during the quarter on the 8, 11 and 19 levels. Development of the known and current reserve is now complete. Mining now consists entirely of stoping operations.

The majority of production was won from airleg stope mining. Approximately 24,700 tonnes of ore from the 8 through to 17 levels was provided by this method. Long-hole and half upper stoping on the 15, 16, 17 and 18 levels delivered approximately 3,600 tonnes.

Exploration of the N10 and N20 surfaces to extend reserves was conducted during the quarter. Drilling of the down-plunge extension to the main N01 ore surface commenced.

Investigations into remnant mining and access to the old workings commenced during the quarter. It is expected that this will provide ore from late in the coming quarter.

Mariners Mine – Mining Progress

Mining operations at Mariners progressed satisfactorily. Operations consisted of level development and mechanised flat back stoping of the 08 ore surface. 261 metres of level development were completed on the 1625, 1764 and 1750 levels delivering approximately 16,000 tonnes of ore. Approximately 15,000 tonnes of ore was won from flat back stoping in the 1700, 1675 and 1650 levels and 9,800 tonnes of ore from long-hole stoping.

Production will increase in the coming quarter once the long-hole stopes in the 08 ore surface are brought on line.

The decline and associated development advanced 217 metres. The decline was at times put on hold while infill definition drilling was undertaken to ensure the development was correctly placed.

Underground exploration drilling continued to test the N09 ore surface down-plunge of the 08 ore body. Drilling to both extend the resource and to generate a probable reserve will continue in the coming quarter.

Wannaway Mine – Mining Progress

Wannaway continued satisfactorily as a small-scale remnant operation working on an owner-operator basis. Mining equipment operated reliably. Production continued to be sourced from air leg mining of remnant ore positions.

Investigations into the viability of developing a new ore position between the 392 and 494 levels continued and a mine plan is expected this quarter.

HEALTH, SAFETY AND THE ENVIRONMENT

There were two lost time injuries for the March quarter giving a twelve month moving average Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate of 4.2. Whilst no injuries are acceptable, this is substantially better than industry benchmarks. Both injuries

were sprains/strains, with no potential to be more serious than they were.

Mincor continues to focus closely on safety matters and continues to roll out new safety initiatives. These included the development of a Supervisor Training Program, a planned review of the ground support systems, ground awareness presentations, reinforcement of correct isolation procedures and a planned mechanical audit of all mobile equipment.

The Safety Management and Improvement Program continued and included:

- Development of the first two modules of the Supervisor Training Program
- Personal Risk Assessment courses
- Development of the training module for Safe Transport, Handling and Use of Explosives
- Review and update of the Mincor Emergency Management System
- Completion of the audit of the Exploration Safety Management System
- Commencement of an Emergency Response Threat Analysis
- Continued competency assessment and training of operators at Redross and Wannaway

DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS – KAMBALDA

North Dordie Open Pit (Mincor 100%)

Mincor commenced a review of its 2003 feasibility study into North Dordie during December 2006. The review was completed, and the feasibility study revised and updated, during the March quarter.

Negotiations with BHP Billiton regarding the delivery of the open pit ore to the concentrator plant at Kambalda were successfully concluded. Mincor awarded the mining contract to Mining and Civil Australia Pty Ltd, and site works commenced at the end of the March quarter.

North Dordie is expected to deliver approximately 60,000 tonnes of ore at 1.2% nickel for 500 tonnes of nickel-in-concentrate over a mine life of four months. Cash costs are estimated at A\$8.50 per pound payable nickel, with capital costs estimated at \$4 million. All production will be sold to BHP Billiton under a short-term variation to Mincor's existing off-take agreement.

As at the date of this report, all equipment and manpower had been mobilised to site, site clearing had been completed, and initial mining of overburden had commenced.

Carnilya Hill (Mincor 70%)

A key milestone was achieved during the quarter with the estimation of an initial resource for Carnilya Hill. The resource estimate is **328,400 tonnes @ 4.9% nickel for**

16,100 nickel tonnes contained. This initial resource estimate is based on 56 separate intersections by surface and underground diamond drill-holes in two mineralised surfaces on a general 40 metre x 40 metre pattern.

Mincor also announced a re-estimated indicated resource for the nearby Zone 29 East ore body of 61,100 tonnes @ 3.0% nickel for 1,800 nickel tonnes contained. The resource is made up of four separate zones and its estimate is based on a total of 29 drill intersections.

The total resource inventory for the Carnilya Hill Tenements now stands at **389,500 tonnes @ 4.6% nickel for 17,900 nickel tonnes** contained.

Exploration drilling at Carnilya Hill for the quarter comprised a total of 4 holes and 3 wedges, for 3,852 metres.

This work confirmed the continuity of mineralisation with the better intersections including CMD028W1: **2.79 metres @ 8.61% nickel** from 594.6 metres and CMD027: **3.66 metres @ 4.60% nickel** from 515.8 metres. Both intersections are close to true width.

Table 2: Carnilya Intersections for the March Quarter

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Nickel %
CMD024	-	-	-	NSA
CMD024W1	579.71	597.97	0.26	1.87
CMD025	460.01	461.52	1.51	2.33
	479.41	480.85	1.44	1.82
CMD027	515.8	519.46	3.66	4.60
CMD027W1	529.22	529.94	0.72	2.32
CMD028	587.58	588.48	0.90	2.33
CMD028W1	594.6	597.39	2.79	8.61

**using 1% Ni cut*

NSA – no significant intersection

The results from CMD028W1 and CMD021 are significant in that they demonstrate that the ore trend remains open down-plunge and to the west. Further drilling along this trend is planned for the coming quarter, however the feasibility study is proceeding based only on the initial resource estimate, which is expected to be sufficient for a mine development decision.

The feasibility study continued rapidly, with mine design and ore scheduling well-advanced by quarter end, and initial estimates of capital and operating costs completed. As at the date of this report, Mincor is preparing documents for the contract mining tender process, as well as completing its own detailed owner-mining studies.

McMahon and Durkin Projects (Mincor acquiring 100%)

Progress on the acquisition of these projects from GMM Pty Ltd continued during the quarter. Settlement is expected during the June quarter.

During the quarter, Mincor completed initial scoping studies on the development of mining operations at McMahon and Durkin, based on the previously announced resources. These studies indicate an initial four year mine life for both projects, each at a production rate averaging approximately 2,500 tonnes per annum of nickel-in-concentrate. Assuming the successful conclusion of full-scale feasibility studies,

production from both mines could commence in the first half of the 2008 calendar year.

KAMBALDA NICKEL EXPLORATION

Mariners N09 Underground Drilling

Drilling into the newly discovered N09 mineralisation at Mariners was delayed during the quarter due to underground mine infrastructure development which prevented access to the required drilling positions.

However the drilling that was carried out demonstrated widespread mineralisation around the initial discovery intersections.

Results (true widths) include the following:

- MRDH0201: **0.8 metres @ 4.5% nickel**
- MRDH0204: **3.0 metres @ 2.3% nickel**
- MRDH0209: **3.5 metres @ 1.8% nickel**
- MRDH0211: **4.1 metres @ 2.2% nickel**

The results indicate that mineralisation extends for at least 200 metres along strike and more than 140 metres in the dip direction. The mineralisation remains open in all directions except directly up-dip.

While the drill density is still too low to draw firm conclusions, the results suggest that the mineralisation is opening up in a down-dip direction, with the axis of mineralisation lying approximately parallel to that of the N07 and N08 ore bodies.

Drilling at Mariners will continue as a high priority through the June quarter.

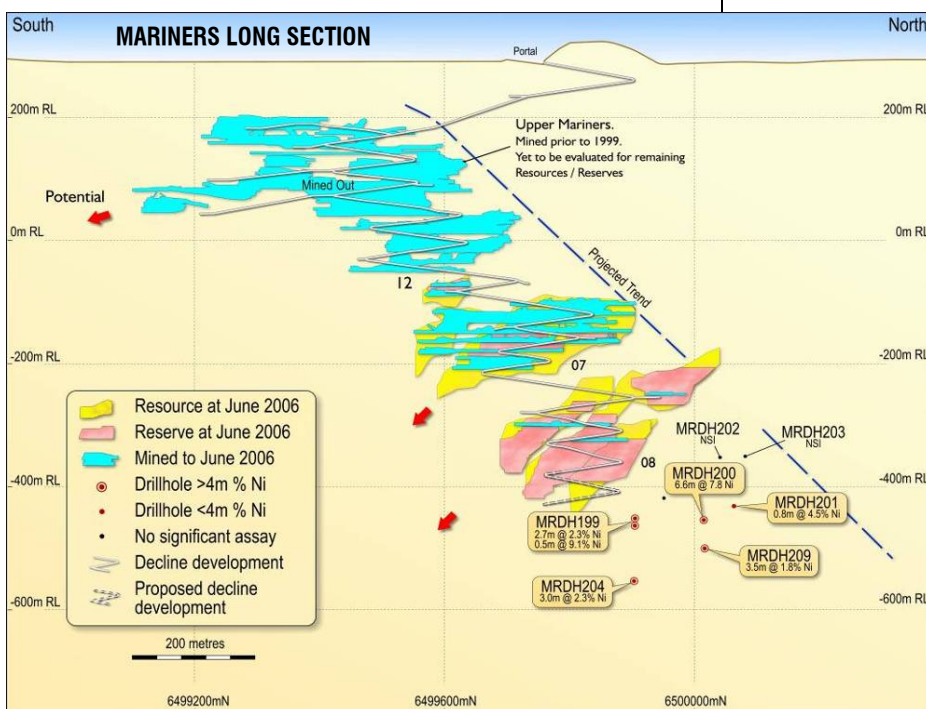
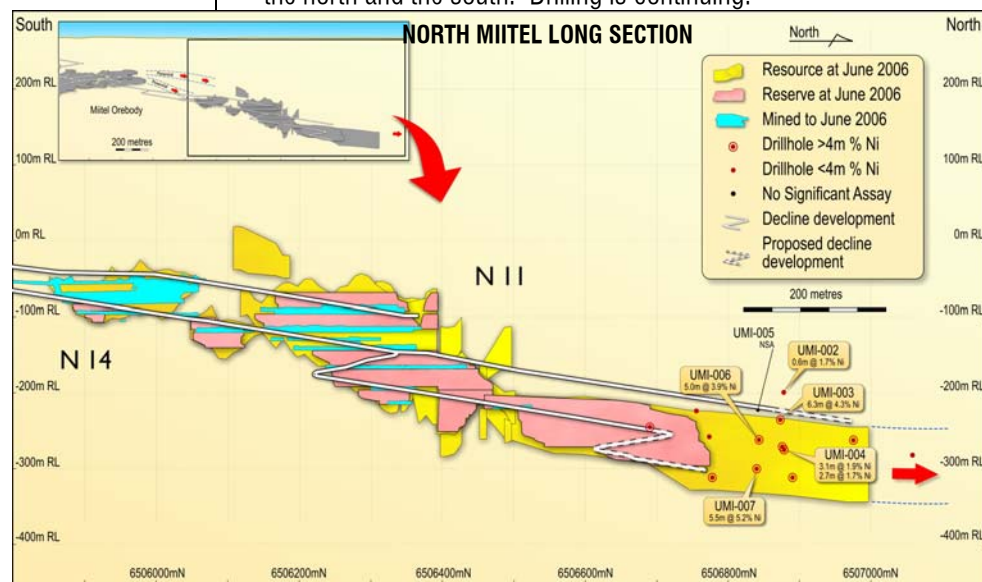
North Miitel Underground Drilling

Very significant extensions to the North Miitel ore trend were discovered through underground drilling during the quarter. Results indicate consistent high-grade nickel sulphide mineralisation within a broad area previously defined as an Inferred Resource, extending northwards from the northern end of North Miitel.

Initial results (true widths) include:

- UM-07-003: **6.3 metres @ 4.3% nickel**
- UM-07-004: **3.1 metres @ 1.9% nickel**
- UM-07-006: **5.0 metres @ 3.9% nickel**
- UM-07-007: **5.5 metres @ 5.2% nickel**
- UM-07-012: **4.5 metres @ 3.7% nickel**
- UM-07-013: **1.7 metres @ 6.3% nickel**
- UM-07-015: **0.5 metres @ 5.8% nickel**

The mineralisation consists mainly of high tenor matrix and disseminated sulphides located at the basal contact. Zones of massive sulphides are also present. Down-hole electromagnetic survey results indicate that the mineralisation is continuous between holes and is open to the north and the south. Drilling is continuing.



RAV 8 Nickel Project

Mincor's transaction with Tectonic Resources NL reached settlement during the quarter. Following settlement, detailed field and desk studies were carried out. Mincor has elected to proceed with an electromagnetic geophysical survey using the sophisticated Landtem SQUID TEM technology as an aid to identifying sulphide targets down-plunge of the old workings. This survey is expected to commence shortly, and will be followed by diamond drilling.

Redross

A total of 3 surface diamond holes plus wedges were completed at Redross, testing the down-plunge extent of the NO1 ore body.

The results confirm the continuation of the trough structure that hosts mineralisation in the NO1 ore body. However, the mineralisation is narrower and generally of lower grade than in the NO1 ore body. A program of underground drilling is planned to test the area between the zone intersected from surface and the NO1 ore body. Following this work, resource estimations will be completed to allow for the evaluation of the economic potential of the mineralisation.

Table 3: Redross Intersections for Quarter

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Nickel %
RRD129	726.57	726.62	0.05	2.03
RRD130	-	-	-	NSA
RRD129W1	712.55	714.02	1.47	6.48
	715.78	716.21	0.43	3.65
RRD129W2	672	675.07	3.07	1.47
RRD131	648.79	653.70	4.91	2.88

**using 1% Ni cut*

NSA – no significant intersection

GOLD AND BASE METAL EXPLORATION

Tottenham Copper Project (Mincor 100%)

At Tottenham in central New South Wales, Mincor is exploring for copper deposits associated with silica and magnetite altered horizons within Girrillambone Group sedimentary and volcanic rocks.

A planned 3,000 metre drilling program commenced during the quarter, aimed at the evaluation of the near-surface oxide potential of a number of target areas. Deeper drilling will also test for down-plunge sulphide extensions. By quarter end 300 metres of drilling had been completed. Assay results are awaited.

Evaluation and ranking of numerous regional targets with the potential to host both near surface oxide and deeper sulphide deposits is also underway as a precursor to drill testing. This work is aided by results from a recently completed ultra-detailed heli-borne magnetic survey.

Gascoyne Tungsten Project (Mincor 100%)

Results from the December 2006 reverse circulation drilling have now been received, comprising results for 1,327 metres of drilling in 51 shallow holes.

The main quartzite unit containing skarn-hosted scheelite (CaWO₃) mineralisation was tested at three locations: Quartzite Skarn, Main Skarn and Northern Skarn. In addition a copper bearing magnetite skarn, which occurs near to and stratigraphically above the Northern Skarn was also tested.

Results were disappointing with drill intersections failing to confirm the potential suggested by surface sampling and mapping. A small program of diamond drilling is being considered, to test the effectiveness of reverse circulation drilling in evaluating this style of mineralisation.

Lake Cowan Gold Project (Mincor 100%)

Assays have been received from the 5,993 metre aircore drilling program completed during the December quarter. No intersections greater than 1 gram per tonne gold were achieved, however several anomalous areas requiring follow-up were detected. Drill spacing was very coarse with initial reconnaissance lines spaced 1.2 kilometres apart with holes at 120 metre intervals. A small area was covered by lines spaced at 400 metres.

The drilling also confirmed that depth of cover is generally substantially less than 50 metres. The bedrock comprises a sequence of high magnesium basalts and dolerites known to be prospective for gold elsewhere in the Eastern Goldfields.

Further work is planned but timing is dependant on rig availability.

Georgina and Bonaparte Zinc-Lead Projects (Mincor 100%)

Native Title agreements are currently being negotiated for both areas.

New Areas (Mincor 100%)

Mincor was granted the Heazlewood tenement in Tasmania, a 20 km² area within the northern aureole of the Meredith Granite, one of several large and economically important Devonian granite intrusives within the main mineral belt of Western Tasmania. Because of the presence of ultramafic and carbonate units in proximity to a major granitoid margin, the tenement is considered to be prospective for skarn deposits, including nickel deposits of the Avebury type.

Tipperary Zinc Project (Mincor Earning 85%)

During the quarter, Mincor completed a 588 metre deep diamond drill-hole within PL3782 near Tipperary, Republic of Ireland, a joint venture with private company Fractore Pty Ltd.

The Prospecting Licence is situated 40 kilometres from the Lisheen and Galmoy ore bodies along strike of the Rathdowney trend, a linear northeast-southwest striking zone that is visible on gravity data.

The drill-hole successfully confirmed the presence of dolomitised Walsortian limestones, the rock unit that hosts most Irish zinc deposits, at a shallower depth than previously thought. The base of this unit was intersected at 541.1 metres.

Further work is planned once all results from the drill-hole have been received and evaluated.

CORPORATE MATTERS

Hedging Arrangements

In line with its strategy of maintaining maximum exposure to the nickel price while securing a minimum level of protection against adverse price movements, Mincor has sold forward a

total of 4,026 tonnes of payable nickel metal to April 2009, at an average price of A\$24,242 per tonne.

This represents less than 27% of Mincor's expected production over that period.

This hedging is distributed as follows:

Apr 2007 to Jun 2007	219 tonnes of payable nickel per month at a price of A\$19,953/tonne
Jul 2007 to Dec 2007	223 tonnes of payable nickel per month at a price of A\$20,015/tonne
Jan 2008 to Jun 2008	176 tonnes of payable nickel per month at a price of A\$23,306/tonne
Jul 2008 to Dec 2008	125 tonnes of payable nickel per month at a price of A\$32,671/tonne
Jan 2009 to Mar 2009	75 tonnes of nickel per month at a price of A\$38,193/tonne

Cash and Debt

As at 31 March 2007, Mincor had cash and receivables of \$203.39 million and creditors and accruals of \$96.02 million, giving a net working capital position of \$107.37 million.

The Company has no debt, and has available undrawn debt facilities of \$10 million under the CBA Revolving Facility.

The information in this Public Report that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Mr Peter Muccilli and Mr Richard Hatfield, both of whom are Members of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Muccilli and Mr Hatfield are full-time employees of Mincor Resources NL. Mr Muccilli and Mr Hatfield have sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that they are undertaking to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2004 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Muccilli and Mr Hatfield consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

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APPENDIX 1 - Surface Drill-holes at Kambalda completed for Nickel Exploration during the Quarter

Following is a list of collar details for all surface drill-holes at Kambalda completed during the quarter. Coordinates are in the MGA94 (zone 51) coordinate system.

Hole ID	Prospect	Ten.	Grid	Hole Type	MGA N	MGA E	RL	EOH Depth	Metres Drilled	Azi	Dip
CMD024	Carnilya	M26/49	MGA	Diamond	6563560	390671	367	595	595	350	-75
CMD024W1	Carnilya	M26/49	MGA	Diamond	6563560	390671	367	612	438.4	350	-75
CMD025	Carnilya	M26/49	MGA	Diamond	65635403	390915.8	363.5	530	530	350	-75
CMD027	Carnilya	M26/49	MGA	Diamond	6563550	390749	365	570	570	350	-75
CMD027W1	Carnilya	M26/49	MGA	Diamond	6563550	390749	365	591	439.8	350	-75
CMD028	Carnilya	M26/49	MGA	Diamond	6563549	390589	370	789	789	350	-75
CMD028W1	Carnilya	M26/49	MGA	Diamond	6563549	390589	370	651	489.6	350	-75
RRD129	Redross	M15/90	MGA	Diamond	6492725	372282	320	796.1	796.1	285	-71
RRD130	Redross	M15/90	MGA	Diamond	6492646	371929	325	597	597	290	-65
RRD129W1	Redross	M15/90	MGA	Diamond	6492725	372282	320	780.2	431	285	-71
RRD127	Jeremy Dee	M15/90	MGA	Diamond	6493494	372540	311	624	624	285	-63
RRD129W2	Redross	M15/90	MGA	Diamond	6492725	372282	320	723.3	173.2	285	-71
RRD131	Redross	M15/90	MGA	Diamond	6492849	372302	320	701.6	701.6	282	-64
SMD007	Sth Miitel	M15/93	MGA	Diamond	6503655	372756	302	885	885	261	-68